SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Fast Activator

Product code 811

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name PBE Jobbers Warehouse

Address 2921 Syene Rd

Madison, WI 53713

Telephone 608-274-8797

Emergency phone number EMERGENCY 24 Hrs. 800-424-9300 ChemTrec

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 2Health hazardsAcute toxicity, oralCategory 4Acute toxicity, inhalationCategory 3Skin corrosion/irritationCategory 2Serious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 2BSensitization, respiratoryCategory 1

Sensitization, skin Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B 1B

Carcinogenicity Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Label elements



Signal word

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. May cause an

allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May

cause cancer.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container

tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

cool. Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise charged even in bonded and classified (HNOC) Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically

cause flash fire or explosion.

grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May

Supplemental information

Storage

Disposal

60.26% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 54.05% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate		28182-81-2	20 - < 40
Isobutyl Acetate		110-19-0	10 - < 30
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		108-10-1	5 - < 15
Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic		64742-95-6	5 - < 15
1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory		822-06-0	0< 5
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0< 5
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory		4098-71-9	0< 5
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	0 - < 5
Trimetyl Benzene		95-63-6	0 - < 5
ner components below reportable levels			20 - < 30

Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Skin contact

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Eye contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Ingestion

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (C02). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures.

This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

precautions for firefighters

Special protective equipment and Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods General fire hazards Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be

handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge **including any incompatibilities** build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid

spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

V-1...

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3
		100 ppm
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	PEL	700 mg/m3
		150 ppm
	PEL	410 mg/m3
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)		
		100 ppm
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3
		150 ppm
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре	Value
	TWA	0.005 ppm
1,6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)		
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS	TWA	150 ppm
110-19-0)		
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)	TWA	0.005 ppm
4000 7 1 0)	STEL	75 ppm
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)		
	TWA	20 ppm
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm
	TWA	150 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре		Value
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA		25 ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemica Components	al Hazards Type		Value
1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)	Ceiling		0.14 mg/m3
(67.6 622 66 6)	TWA		0.02 ppm 0.035 mg/m3 0.005 ppm
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL		545 mg/m3
,	TWA		125 ppm 435 mg/m3 100 ppm
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	TWA		700 mg/m3
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)	STEL		150 ppm 0.18 mg/m3
	TWA		0.02 ppm 0.045 mg/m3
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	STEL		0.005 ppm 300 mg/m3
1)	TWA		75 ppm 205 mg/m3
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL		50 ppm 950 mg/m3
120 00 4)	TWA		200 ppm 710 mg/m3
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA		150 ppm 125 mg/m3
*			25 ppm
ogical limit values ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices			
lbenzene (CAS 0.15 g/g 41-4)	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	
nyl Isobutyl Ketone 1 mg/l S 108-10-1) or sampling details, please see the source	Methyl isobutyl ketone		

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Components Value **Determinant Specimen Sampling Time**

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Urine

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency

shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Thermal hazards

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. **Form** Liquid. Color Colorless. Odor Solvent. Odor threshold Not available. Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

-145.84 °F (-98.8 °C) estimated 241.7 °F (116.5 °C) estimated

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

pН

Flash point 64.0 °F (17.8 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit - lower 2.4% estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper 12% estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 24.45 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

Soiubility(ies)

Solubility (water)

Not available. Not available.

Partition coefficient (n-

octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 793.4 °F (423 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. Not available. Viscosity

Other information

Density 0.86 g/cm3 estimated Flammability class Flammable IB estimated Percent volatile 46.48 w/w % By Weight 50.74 v/v % By Volume

> Specific gravity 0.86 estimated

VOC (Weight %) 3.81 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)

3.81 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 456.03

g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts) 456.03 g/L

(Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)

10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Material **Reactivity Chemical**

is stable under normal conditions. stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash

point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause

allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes. Exposed

physical, chemical and individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Difficulty in breathing. Skin

toxicological characteristics irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Components Species **Test Results**

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Acute

Dermal

LD50

Rabbi Inhalation 593 LC50

Mouse mg/kg

Rat

0.03 mg/l, 2 Hours 40 mg/l, 1 Hours 22 mg/l,

4 Hours 0.385 mg/l, 6 Hours

Oral

LD50 Cat 1100 mg/kg

> 1980 mg/kg Mouse

Rat 960 mg/kg

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute

Dermal LD50

17800 mg/kg 3500 mg/kg Rabbit

Oral

LD50 Rat

Components **Species Test Results** Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0) Acute Oral LD50 Rabbit 4.8 g/kg Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Acute **Dermal** LD50 Rat 1060 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat 0.123 mg/l, 4 Hours 0.033 mg/l Oral LD50 Mouse > 2500 mg/kg Rat > 1000 mg/kg Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Acute **Dermal** LD50 Rabbit > 16000 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat 8.2 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Rat 2080 mg/kg N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Acute Inhalation LC50 Wistar rat 160 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Rat 14000 mg/kg Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6) Acute **Dermal** LD50 Rabbit >3160 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat > 2000 ppm, 48 Hours Oral LD50 6 g/kg Rat Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown. Skin corrosion/irritation Causes eye irritation. Serious eye damage/eye irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization Respiratory sensitization Skin May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin sensitization Germ cell reaction. mutagenicity Carcinogenicity May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

Not classified.

repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard Chronic

Not an aspiration hazard.

effects

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components Species **Test Results**

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Aquatic

Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours Crustacea FC50

Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.5-11 mg/l, 96 hours LC50 Fish

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 492 - 593 mg/l, 96 hours

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 17-19 mg/l, 96 hours

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Aquatic

Fish LC50

Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Ethylbenzene 3.15 Isobutyl Acetate 1.78 Methyl Isobutyl Ketone 1.31 N-Butyl Acetate 1.78

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Local disposal regulations

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal

instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

Contaminated packaging

Waste from residues / unused

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

products

UN number UN1263

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)

Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) 11 Packing group

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28 Special provisions

150 Packaging exceptions 173 Packaging non bulk 242 Packaging bulk

IATA

UN1263 **UN number**

UN proper shipping name Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk H Packing group No. **Environmental hazards ERG Code** 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler and

liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing

compound)

Not established.

Allowed.

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 11 Packing group

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No. **EmS** F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT





15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value
Isophorone	4098-71-9	500	500 lbs		
1, 6-Hexamethylene Dii 822-06-0)	socyanate Regulatory	(CAS	Listed.		
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100	0-41-4)		Listed.		
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS	110-19-0)		Listed.		
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	(CAS 108-10-1)		Listed.		
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)		Listed.			
ARA 304 Emergency rele	ase notification				
	D. D. 1010 (OAO 40)	20.74.0	500 L DO		

SAF

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) 500 LBS

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Hazard

categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No

Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Diisocyanate Regulatory

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	5 -< 15	
1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory	822-06-0	0<5	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0<5	
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory	4098-71-9	0<5	
Trimetyl Benzene	95-63-6	0 -< 5	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (CAS 64742-95-6)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act 1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11,2004
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: November 4, 2011

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: March 28, 2014

International Inventories

Country(s) or regionInventory nameOn inventory (yes/no)*AustraliaAustralian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	No
	Substances (EINECS)	

Europo

Europe European List of Notified

Chemical Substances (ELINCS) No

JapanInventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)NoKoreaExisting Chemicals List (ECL)NoNew ZealandNew Zealand InventoryNoPhilippinesPhilippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical SubstancesNo

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing

country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Disclaimer

Our Company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet

No

was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.