# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

Product identifier	Jet Black Toner	
Product code	790	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplie Manufacturer	er/Distributor information	
	er/Distributor information PBE Jobbers Warehouse	
Manufacturer		
Manufacturer Company name	PBE Jobbers Warehouse	

Emergency phone number EMERGENCY 24 Hrs.

800-424-9300 ChemTrec

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 3
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 3
OSHA defined hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long- term hazard Not classified.	Category 3
OSHA defined hazards	2. Hazard(s) identification	
Signal word	Label elements	
Hazard statement		>

Danger

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Precautionary statement Prevention

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective ciothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	99.19% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 5.59% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 14.33% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 14.33% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	70-<90
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	5 - < 10
Glycol Ether PM Acetate		108-65-6	5 - < 10
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0< 5
Xylene		1330-20-7	0< 5
ther components below reportable levels			< 0.1

'Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

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4. First-aid measures	
	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (C02). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
6. Accidental release meas	
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
Environmental precautions	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

**Conditions for safe storage,** Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge **including any incompatibilities** build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid

spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	;	Value	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	PEL		3.5 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS	PEL		435 mg/m3	
100-41-4)			100 mg, mo	
,			100 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS	PEL		710 mg/m3	
123-86-4)			- <b>3</b>	
			150 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL		435 mg/m3	
			100 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limi	t Values			
Components	Туре		Value	Form
Carbon Black (CAS	TWA		3 mg/m 3	Inhalable fraction.
1333-86-4)				
Ethylbenzene (CAS	TWA		20 ppm	
100-41-4)				
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS	STEL		200 ppm	
123-86-4)				
Valence (CAC 4000 00 7)	TWA		150 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL		150 ppm	
	TWA		100 ppm	
Components	Туре		Value	
Carbon Black (CAS	TWA		0.1 mg/m3	
1333-86-4) Ethylbenzene (CAS	STEL			
100-41-4)	STEL		545 mg/m3	
100-41-4)			125 ppm	
	TWA		125 ppm	
			435 mg/m3	
			100 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS	STEL		950 mg/m3	
123-86-4)				
	TWA		200 ppm	
			710 mg/m3	
			150 ppm	
US. Workplace Environme	ntal Exposure Level (WEE	L) Guides		
Components	Туре		Value	
Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA		50 ppm	
ological limit values ACGIH Biological Expos	ure Indices Components	Value	Determin	ant Specimen Sampling Tim
	-			an opeonien oamping mit
	0.15 g/g	Sum of	Creatinine in	
Ethylbenzene (CAS		Gain of		
100-41-4)	mandelic acid and	Gamor	urine	
		Cumor		

ACGIH Biological Exposu	re Indices			
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric	Creatinine in	
		acids	urine	
* - For sampling details, plea	ase see the source	document.		
Exposure guidelines US - California OELs: Skin de	signation			
Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS Appropriate engineering controls	Explosion-p changes pe use process levels belov airborne lev	roof general and local exha r hour) should be used. Ve s enclosures, local exhaust v recommended exposure l	ntilation rates sho ventilation, or oth imits. If exposure	in. ood general ventilation (typically 10 air uld be matched to conditions. If applicable, er engineering controls to maintain airborne limits have not been established, maintain station. Eye wash fountain and emergency
Individual protection measure Eye/face protection	· ·	nal protective equipment espirator with organic vapor	cartridge and full	facepiece.
Skin protection Hand protection	Wear appro supplier.	priate chemical resistant gl	oves. Suitable glo	oves can be recommended by the glove
Other	Wear appro	priate chemical resistant cl	othing. Use of an	impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection Thermal hazards		espirator with organic vapor priate thermal protective cl	0	•
General hygiene considerations	after handli		eating, drinking, a	nal hygiene measures, such as washing nd/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Black
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-108.4 °F (-78 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	258.98 °F (126.1 °C) estimated
Flash point	71.6 °F (22.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available. Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explos	ive limits
Flammability limit - lower	
(%)	1.4 % estimated
,	<ul><li>1.4 % estimated</li><li>7.5 % estimated</li></ul>
(%) Flammability limit - upper	
(%) Flammability limit - upper (%)	7.5 % estimated
(%) Flammability limit - upper (%) Explosive limit - lower (%)	7.5 % estimated Not available.
(%) Flammability limit - upper (%) Explosive limit - lower (%) Explosive limit - upper (%)	7.5 % estimated Not available. Not available.
(%) Flammability limit - upper (%) Explosive limit - lower (%) Explosive limit - upper (%) Vapor pressure	<ul><li>7.5 % estimated</li><li>Not available.</li><li>Not available.</li><li>14.71 hPa estimated</li></ul>

Partition coefficient (n- octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	797 °F (425 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	0.97 g/cm3 estimated
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Percent volatile	60.06 w/w % By Weight
	60.52 v/v % By Volume
Specific gravity	0.97 estimated
VOC (Weight %)	<ul> <li>4.90 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)</li> <li>4.90 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)</li> <li>586.98 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)</li> <li>586.98 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)</li> </ul>
10. Stability and reactivity Reactivity Chemical stability	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact	Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting Harmful in contact with skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and	Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
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### toxicological characteristics Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Toxic if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Narcotic effects		
Components	Species	Test Results	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)			
Acute			
Oral			
LD50	Rat	> 8000 mg/kg	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)			
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)			
Acute			
Inhalation			
LC50	Wistar rat	160 mg/I, 4 Hours	

Components	Species	Test Results		
Oral				
LD50	Rat	14000 mg/kg		
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)				
Acute				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg		
Inhalation				
LC50	Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours		
	Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours		
Oral				
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg		
	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg		
Estimates for product may be based of <b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	on additional component data not			
Serious eye damage/eye irritation				
Respiratory or skin sensitization				
Respiratory sensitization Skin				
sensitization Germ cell				
mutagenicity				
	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.			
	Causes serious eye irritation.			
Not a respiratory sensitizer.				
This product is not expected to cause	skin sensitization.			
		oduct or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or		
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.			
IARC Monographs. Overall Ev				
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-8		2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.		
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.		
	Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001			
Not listed.	,			
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility	or the unborn child.		
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizz			
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.			
Aspiration hazard Chronic effects	Not an aspiration hazard.			
	Il. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.			
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12. Ecological information				

Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4 Aquatic	4)		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 -11 mg/l, 96 hours
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86 Aquatic	5-4)		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17-19 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours
Estimates for product may be	e based on additiona	al component data not shown.	

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Ethylbenzene	3.15			
N-Butyl Acetate	1.78			
Xylene	3.12-3.2			
Mobility in soil	No data available.			
Other adverse effects				

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

## 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT	
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user Read Other information	d safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling
Passenger and cargo	Allowed.
aircraft	
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer
	base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3

Subsidiary risk Packing group

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant EmS

Special precautions for user Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

DOT





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No.

F-E, S-E

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before

handling. Not established.

### 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations OSHA Hazard Communication This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the

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	Standard, 29	CFR 1910.1200.	
	One or more of	components are not listed on TSC	CA.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated.	Notification (40 C	CFR 707, Subpt. D)	
CERCLA Hazardous Substa	nce List (40 CFR	302.4)	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)		Listed.	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123	3-86-4)	Listed.	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		Listed.	
SARA 304 Emergency release	se notification		
Not regulated.			
OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed.	d Substances (2	9 CFR 1910.1001-1050)	
Superfund Amendments and Rea	uthorization Act	of 1986 (SARA)	
Hazard categories	Immediate Ha	, , ,	
5	Delayed Haza	ard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Press	ure Hazard -
	No Reactivity		
SARA 302 Extremely hazard	ous substance		
Not listed.			
SARA 311/312 Hazardous	No		
chemical			
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)			
Chemical name		CAS number	%bywt.
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0< 5

SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Chemical name		<b>CAS number</b> Xylene	% by wt.	
1330-20-7		0< 5		
Other federal regulations				
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	n 112 Hazardous Air Poll	utants (HAPs) List		
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7	-41-4) )	se Prevention (40 CFR 68.13	30)	
Not regulated.				
Safe Drinking Water Act No (SDWA)	t regulated.			
US state regulations				
	ubstances. CA Departme	ent of Justice (California Hea	alth and Safety Code Section 11100)	
	hemicals List. Safer Con	sumer Products Regulation	ns (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.	
(a)) Carbon Black (CAS 133 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	-41-4)			
US. Massachusetts RTK - S Ethylbenzene (CAS 100 N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 12 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	-41-4) 23-86-4)	ack (CAS 1333-86-4)		
	3-86-4) -41-4) 23-86-4) - <b>nd Community Right-to-</b> 3-86-4) -41-4) 23-86-4) ) -41-4) 23-86-4) ) <b>65</b> t contains a chemical know		cause cancer.	
Carbon Black (CAS Ethylbenzene (CAS International Inventories	\$ 1333-86-4)	Listed: February 2 Listed: June 11,20		
Country(s) or region Australia	<b>Inventory name</b> Australian Inventory of (	Chemical Substances (AICS)	<b>On inventory (yes/no)</b> * Yes	
Canada	Domestic Substances L	ist (DSL)	Yes	3
Canada China	Non-Domestic Substand Inventory of Existing Ch	ces List (NDSL) emical Substances in China (	(IECSC) No Yes	
Europe	European Inventory of E Substances (EINECS)	Existing Commercial Chemical	l Yes	3
Europe	European List of Notifie	d Chemical Substances (ELIN	NCS) No	)
Japan Korea	Inventory of Existing an Existing Chemicals List	d New Chemical Substances ( (ECL)	(ENCS) No Yes	
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory		Yes	3
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of C	Chemicals and Chemical Subs	Yes Stances (PICCS)	\$

#### Country(s) or region

ion Inventory name

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Disclaimer

Our Company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.