## SAFETY DATA SHEET

\section*{1. Identification <br> Product identifier <br> Medium Satin Aluminum <br> Product code 770 <br> Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information Manufacturer <br> | Company name | PBE Jobbers Warehouse |
| :--- | :--- |
| Address | 2921 Syene Rd |
|  | Madison, WI 53713 | <br> Telephone <br> 608-274-8797 <br> Emergency phone number EMERGENCY 24 Hrs. <br> 800-424-9300 ChemTrec}

Physical hazards
Health hazards

Environmental hazards

OSHA defined hazards

## Signal word

Hazard statement

Flammable liquids
Acute toxicity, dermal
Acute toxicity, inhalation
Skin corrosion/irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, longterm hazard
Not classified.

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

## Label elements



Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement
Prevention

## Response

Storage

Disposal

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Specific treatment (see this label). If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and
grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. $73.79 \%$ of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. $38.02 \%$ of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. $28.13 \%$ of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. $28.13 \%$ of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N-Butyl Acetate | $123-86-4$ | $30-<50$ |  |
| Xylene | $1330-20-7$ | $5-<20$ |  |
| Glycol Ether PM Acetate | $108-65-6$ | $5-<15$ |  |
| N-Butyl Alcohol | $71-36-3$ | $5-<15$ |  |
| Aluminum Flake | $7429-90-5$ | $0-\varangle 5$ |  |
| Ethanol | $64-17-5$ | $0<5$ |  |
| Ethylbenzene | $100-41-4$ | $0-\varangle<$ |  |
| Methanol | $67-56-1$ | $0<5$ |  |
| Mineral Spirits | $8052-41-3$ | $0<5$ |  |
| m-Xylene | $108-38-3$ | $0<5$ |  |
| $0-X y l e n e$ | $95-47-6$ | $0<5$ |  |
| Phosphoric Acid Regulatory | $7664-38-2$ | $0<5$ |  |
| $p-X y l e n e$ | $106-42-3$ | $0<5$ |  |
| Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light $64742-95-6$ | $0<5$ |  |  |
| aromatic |  | 0 |  |

Other components below reportable levels
10-<20
'Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Skin contact

Eye contact

Ingestion

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.
Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## General information

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Upper respiratory tract irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (C02). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

## media

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Precautions for safe handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Occupational exposure limits

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aluminum Flake (CAS <br> 7429-90-5) | PEL | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | Respirable |
|  |  | $15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | Total dust. |
| Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) | PEL | $1900 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
|  |  | 1000 ppm |  |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS $100-41-4)$ | PEL | $435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
|  |  | 100 ppm |  |
| Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) | PEL | $260 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
|  |  | 200 ppm |  |
| Mineral Spirits (CAS <br> 8052-41-3) | PEL | $2900 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
|  |  | 500 ppm |  |
| m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) | PEL | $\begin{aligned} & 435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3 \\ & 100 \mathrm{ppm} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | PEL | $710 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
|  |  | 150 ppm |  |
| N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS $71-36-3)$ | PEL | $300 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
|  |  | 100 ppm |  |
| o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6) | PEL | $\begin{aligned} & 435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3 \\ & 100 \mathrm{ppm} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2) | PEL | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
| p -Xylene (CAS 106-42-3) | PEL | $\begin{aligned} & 435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3 \\ & 100 \mathrm{ppm} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | PEL | $\begin{aligned} & 435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3 \\ & 100 \mathrm{ppm} \end{aligned}$ |  |


| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components | Type | Value | Form |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aluminum Flake (CAS $7429-90-5$ ) 7429-90-5) | TWA | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | Respirable fraction. |
| Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) | STEL | 1000 ppm |  |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | TWA | 20 ppm |  |
| Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) | STEL | 250 ppm |  |
|  | TWA | 200 ppm |  |
| Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3) | TWA | 100 ppm |  |
| m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) | STEL | 150 ppm |  |
|  | TWA | 100 ppm |  |
| N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | STEL | 200 ppm |  |
|  | TWA | 150 ppm |  |
| N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) | TWA | 20 ppm |  |
| o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6) | STEL | 150 ppm |  |
|  | TWA | 100 ppm |  |
| Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-$38-2)$ | STEL | $3 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
|  | TWA | $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
| p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3) | STEL | 150 ppm |  |
|  | TWA STEL | 100 ppm 150 ppm |  |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | TWA | 100 ppm |  |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards Components Type |  |  |  |
|  |  | Value | Form |
| Aluminum Flake (CAS <br> 7429-90-5) | TWA | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | Respirable. |
|  |  | $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ | Welding fume or pyrophoric powder. Total |
| Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) | TWA | $1900 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ <br> 1000 ppm |  |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | STEL | $545 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
|  | TWA | 125 ppm <br> $435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ <br> 100 ppm |  |
| Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) | STEL | $\begin{aligned} & 325 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3 \\ & 250 \mathrm{ppm} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | TWA | $\begin{aligned} & 260 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3 \\ & 200 \mathrm{ppm} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3) | Ceiling | $1800 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
|  | TWA | $350 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
| m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) | STEL | $\begin{aligned} & 655 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3 \\ & 150 \mathrm{ppm} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | TWA | $\begin{aligned} & 435 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3 \\ & 100 \mathrm{ppm} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | STEL | $950 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
|  | TWA | 200 ppm <br> $710 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ <br> 150 ppm |  |
| N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS $71-36-3)$ <br> 71-36-3) | Ceiling | $150 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |
| o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6) | STEL | 50 ppm $655 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3$ |  |

Sum of mandelic phenylglyoxylic acid

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) $15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}$
Pho:m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) $1.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{g}$ 766
o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6) $\quad 1.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{g}$
$\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{Xy}$
p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3) $1.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{g}$
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) $\quad 1.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{g}$

## US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

| Components | Type | Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Glycol Ether PM Acetate | TWA | 50 ppm |

## (CAS 108-65-6)

## Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices
Components Value

| Methanol | Urine |
| :--- | :--- |
| Methylhippuric | Creatinine in |
| acids | urine |
| Methylhippuric | Creatinine in |
| acids | urine |
| Methylhippuric | Creatinine in |
| acids | urine |
| Methylhippuric | Creatinine in |
| acids | urine |

Methanol Urine
Methylhippuric Creatinine in acids urine Methylhippuric Creatinine in urne acids Methylhippuric Creatinine in urine

Creatinine in urine

Determinant Specimen Sampling Time

[^0] document.

## Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation Glycol Ether
PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)
US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)
US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation Methanol
(CAS 67-56-1)
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin
designation Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)
Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Appropriate engineering controls

Can be absorbed through the skin.
Can be absorbed through the skin.
Can be absorbed through the skin.

Skin designation applies.
Skin designation applies.
Can be absorbed through the skin.
Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Skin protection Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
Other
Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection
Thermal hazards

## General hygiene considerations

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

## Appearance

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color
Odor
Odor threshold
pH
Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range
Flash point
Evaporation rate
Flammability (solid, gas)

Metallic Silver
Solvent.
Not available.
Not available.
$-129.64^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-89.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ estimated
$243.86^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(117.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ estimated
$71.6^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(22.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ estimated
Not available.
Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
Flammability limit - lower $1.4 \%$ estimated
(\%)
Flammability limit - upper
(\%)
Explosive limit - lower (\%) Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (\%) Not available.
Vapor pressure
Vapor density
Relative density
12.57 hPa estimated

Not available.
Not available.
Solubility(ies)
Solubility (water)
Partition coefficient ( n octanol/water)
Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
Viscosity
Other information
Density $\quad 0.95 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm} 3$ estimated
Flammability class Flammable IB estimated
Percent volatile

Specific gravity
VOC (Weight \%) $\quad 6.01 \mathrm{lb} /$ gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)
$6.01 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{gal}$ (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)
$719.66 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)
$719.66 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability
Possibility of hazardous reactions
Conditions to avoid
Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition products

Material is stable under normal conditions.
Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents Nitrates. Alkaline metals. Halogens.
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

Eye contact
Ingestion
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact
Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage.
Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation, Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Upper respiratory tract irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

## Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity
Components
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)
Acute
Inhalation

| LC50 | Mouse | $39 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{i}, 4 \mathrm{Hours}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Rat | $20000 \mathrm{ppm}, 10$ |
| Oral |  | Hours |
| LD50 | Dog | $5.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
|  | Guinea pig | $5.6 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
|  | Mouse | $3450 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
|  | Rat | $6.2 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ |

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Acute
Dermal
LD50
Oral
LD50
Rat
3500 mg/kg
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
Acute
Dermal LD50

Inhalation
LC50 Cat

Rat

Oral
LD50
Dog
Monkey $2 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$
Mouse $\quad 7300 \mathrm{mq} / \mathrm{kq}$

| Components | Species | Test Results |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rabbit | $14.4 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
|  | Rat | $5628 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) |  |  |
| Acute |  |  |
| Derma LD50 | Rabbit | $12100 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| Inhalation |  |  |
| LC50 | Mouse | 5300 ppm, 6 Hours |
| Oral |  |  |
| LD50 | Mouse | 1590 mg/kg |
|  | Rat | $4300 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) |  |  |
| Acute |  |  |
| Inhalation |  |  |
| Oral |  |  |
| LD50 | Rat | $14000 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) |  |  |
| Acute |  |  |
| Dermal |  |  |
| Inhalation |  |  |
| LC50 | Rat | 8000 ppm, 4 Hours |
| Oral |  |  |
| LD50 | Rat | $790 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6) |  |  |
| Acute |  |  |
| Derma LD50 | Rabbit | > $43 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| Inhalation |  |  |
| LC50 | Mouse | 4600 ppm, 6 Hours |
|  | Rat | 6350 ppm, 4 Hours |
| Oral |  |  |
|  | Rat | $4300 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2) |  |  |
| Acute |  |  |
| Derma LD50 | Rabbit | $2740 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| Oral |  |  |
| LD50 | Rat | $1530 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| p -Xylene (CAS 106-42-3) |  |  |
| Acute |  |  |
| Derma LD50 | Rabbit | > $43 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| Inhalation |  |  |
| Oral |  |  |
| LD50 | Mouse | $1590 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
Acute
Dermal

| LD50 | Rabbit | $>43 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Inhalation |  | $3907 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 6$ |
| LC50 | Mouse | Flours |
|  | Rat | $6350 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 4$ |
| Cral |  |  |
| Cln. |  |  |
| LD50 | Mouse | $1590 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
|  | Rat | $3523-8600 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |

$3523-8600 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

| Skin corrosion/irritation | Causes skin irritation. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Serious eye damage/eye | Causes serious eye damage. |
| irritation |  |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization  <br> Respiratory sensitization Not available. |  |
| Skin sensitization This product is notexpected to cause skin sensitization. <br> Germ cell mutagenicity May cause geneticdefects. <br> Carcinogenicity May cause cancer. <br> IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity  |  |

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)
m -Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) o-
Xylene (CAS 95-47-6) p-Xylene
(CAS 106-42-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. humans
3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to,
3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans
3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to,
3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans
3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans
humans
Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and
laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - May cause drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure
Specific target organ toxicity - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
repeated exposure
Aspiration hazard
Chronic effects

Not available.
Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

## Components

Aluminum Flake (CAS 7429-90-5)
Aquatic
Fish LC50

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)
Aquatic
Crustacea EC50

Fish LC50

Water flea (Daphnia magna)
$7.7-11.2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 48$ hours
Species
Test Results
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
$0.16 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 96$ hours
(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) $>100 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 96$ hours

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Aquatic
Crustacea EC50
Fish LC50
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

| Aquatic |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Crustacea | EC50 |
| Fish | LC50 |

m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3)

## Aquatic

Crustacea EC50

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

## Aquatic

Fish
LC50
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)
Aquatic
Crustacea EC50

Fish LC50
o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)
Aquatic
Crustacea EC50
Fish LC50
p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3)
Aquatic
Crustace EC50
a Fish LC50

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
Aquatic
Fish LC50

Water flea (Daphnia magna)
$1.37-4.4 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 48$ hours
Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) $7.5-11 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 96$ hours
Water flea (Daphnia magna) $>10000 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 48$ hours
Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) $>100 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 96$ hours

Water flea (Daphnia magna)
2.81-5 mg/l, 48 hours

Rainbow trout,donaldson trout
(Oncorhynchus mykiss)
$8.4 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 96$ hours

Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 17-19 mg/l, 96 hours

| Water flea (Daphnia magna) | (Lepomis | $1897-2072 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 48$ hours |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Bluegill | $100-500 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 96$ hours |  |

Water flea (Daphnia magna)
$0.78-2.51 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 48$ hours
$5.59-11.6 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 96$ hours
Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
$3.55-6.31 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 48$ hours
Water flea (Daphnia magna)
Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
$2.6 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 96$ hours
$7.711-9.591 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}, 96$ hours

Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential No data available.
Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)
Ethanol -0.31
Ethylbenzene $\quad 3.15$
Methanol -0.77
Mineral Spirits $\quad$ 3.16-7.15
m-Xylene 3.2
N-Butyl Acetate $\quad 1.78$
N-Butyl Alcohol 0.88
o-Xylene 3.12
p-Xylene $\quad 3.15$
Xylene
No data available.
No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

## Local disposal regulations

Hazardous waste code

Waste from residues / unused products

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

## 14. Transport information

DOT
UN number
UN proper shipping
name Transport hazard
rlacelacl
UN1263
Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound
Class 3

Subsidiary risk
Label(s)
3
Packing group I
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling Special provisions 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 173
Packaging bulk 242
IATA
UN number
UN proper shipping name
Transport hazard class(es)
Class
3
Subsidiary risk
Packing group
II
Environmental hazards No.
ERG Code 3L
UN1263
Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling Other information

Passenger and cargo
aircraft
Cargo aircraft only
IMDG
UN number
UN proper shipping name
UN1263
PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

Transport hazard class(es)
Class
3
Subsidiary risk
Packing group
II
Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant No.
EmS

Allowed.

Allowed.


IATA; IMDG


## 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
One or more components are not listed on TSCA.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Listed
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed
m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) Listed
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Listed
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Listed
o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6) Listed
Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2) Listed
p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3) Listed
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Listed
SARA 304 Emergency release notification
Not regulated.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Not listed.
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)
Hazard categories
Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard

- No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance
Not listed.
SARA 311/312 Hazardous No
chemical
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name | CAS number | \%bywt. |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Xylene | $1330-20-7$ | $5-<20$ |
| N-Butyl Alcohol | $71-36-3$ | $5-<15$ |
| Aluminum Flake | $7429-90-5$ | $0-<5$ |
| Ethylbenzene | $100-41-4$ | $0-<5$ |
| Methanol | $67-56-1$ | $0<5$ |
| m-Xylene | $108-38-3$ | $0<5$ |

## Chemical name

CAS number \% by wt.
o-Xylene $\quad 95-47-6 \quad 0<5$
p-Xylene
106-42-3 $0<5$
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

## Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) o-Xylene
(CAS 95-47-6) p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.
Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.
(SDWA)
US state regulations
US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100) Not listed.
US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.
(a))

Aluminum Flake (CAS 7429-90-5)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3) m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) o-
Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)
Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2) p-Xylene (CAS
106-42-3)
Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (CAS 64742-95-6)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
Aluminum Flake (CAS 7429-90-5)
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3) m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3)
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)
Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2) p-Xylene (CAS
106-42-3)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
Aluminum Flake (CAS 7429-90-5)
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3) m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3)
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)
Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2) p-Xylene (CAS
106-42-3)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
Aluminum Flake (CAS 7429-90-5)
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

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Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3) m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3)
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)
Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2) p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
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US. Rhode Island RTK
Aluminum Flake (CAS 7429-90-5)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3)
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)
Phosphoric Acid Regulatory (CAS 7664-38-2) p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
US. California Proposition 65
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Listed: April 29, 2011

Listed: July 1, 1988

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Listed: June 11, 2004

## US - California Proposition 65-CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) <br> Listed: October 1, 1987 <br> Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012

## International Inventories

Country(s) or region
Australia
Canada
Canada
China
Europe

Europe
Japan
Korea
New Zealand
Philippines

## Inventory name

On inventory (yes/no)*
Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) No
Domestic Substances List (DSL) No
Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) No
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) No
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical No Substances (EINECS)
European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) No
Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) No
Existing Chemicals List (ECL) No
New Zealand Inventory No
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances No (PICCS)

United States \& Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory No *A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

## Disclaimer

Our Company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.


[^0]:    *     - For sampling details, please see the source

