# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. Identification

Product identifier	Color Blender	
Product code	730	

#### Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information Manufacturer

Company name Address	PBE Jobbers Warehouse 2921 Syene Rd	
	Madison, WI 53713	
Telephone	608-274-8797	
Emergency phone number	EMERGENCY 24 Hrs.	800-424-9300 ChemTrec

### 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 3
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin, Causes skin irritation, Causes serious eye damage. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement Prevention Response	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.		
	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.		
Storage	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.		
Disposal	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.		
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.		
classified (HNOC)	<b>Hazard(s) not otherwise</b> Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.		
Supplemental information	77.23% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 37.23% of the		
	mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 29.23% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 29.23% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.		

### 1. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	40 - < 60
Xylene		1330-20-7	10-<20
Glycol Ether PM Acetate		108-65-6	5 - < 10
N-Butyl Alcohol		71-36-3	5 - < 10
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	<b>0 −</b> ∢ <sup>5</sup>
her components below reportable levels			20 - < 30

Other components below reportable levels 20 4. First-aid measures Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret. Inhalation

Skin contact	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Eye contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Ingestion Most important	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.
symptoms/effects, acute and	Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
delayed Indication of immediate medical attention and special	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an
General information	ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect

themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures Suitable extinguishing media Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (C02). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide,

	sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	<ul> <li>media</li> <li>Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment and precautions for	Solf contained breathing apparatus and full protective elething must be warn in ease of fire
firefighters Firefighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Methods and materials for	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles
containment and cleaning up	(wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use nonsparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

**Conditions for safe storage,** Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge **including any incompatibilities** build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid

spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Components	Туре	Value	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	PEL	300 mg/m3	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	s		
Components	Туре	Value	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
N-Butyl Ácetate (CAS	STEL	200 ppm	
123-86-4)			
	TWA	150 ppm	
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
/		125 ppm	

#### **US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Туре		Value	
	TWA		435 mg/m3	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL		100 ppm 950 mg/m3	
,	TWA		200 ppm 710 mg/m3	
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	Ceiling	3	150 ppm 150 mg/m3	
			50 ppm	
US. Workplace Environmer Components	ntal Exposure Level (W Type	EEL) Guides	Value	
Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA		50 ppm	
iological limit values				
ACGIH Biological Exposu	ire Indices			
Components	Value	Determinant Sp	ecimen Sampling Time	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic	Creatinine in urine	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	acid Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	
* - For sampling details, ple	ease see the source doc	ument.		
xposure guidelines				
US - California OELs: Ski Glycol Ether PM Aceta N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS	ite (CAS 108-65-6)		absorbed through the skin. absorbed through the skin.	
US - Minnesota Haz Subs N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS	: Skin designation app 71-36-3)	lies	signation applies.	
US - Tennessee OELs: SI N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS US NIOSH Pocket Guide	71-36-3)	Skin designation	absorbed through the skin.	
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS ppropriate engineering ontrols	Explosion-proof gen changes per hour) s applicable, use proo maintain airborne le established, mainta shower must be ava	neral and local exha should be used. Ver cess enclosures, loc evels below recomm in airborne levels to ailable when handlin		
ndividual protection measure Eye/face protection Skin protection			cartridge and full facepiece.	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate ch supplier.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.		
Other	Wear appropriate c	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.		
Respiratory protection	Chemical respirato	r with organic vapor	cartridge and full facepiece.	
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate th	hermal protective cl	othing, when necessary.	
General hygiene onsiderations	after handling the n	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.		

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Clear colorless or nearly colorless
Odor Odor threshold	Solvent. Not available.
PH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-129.64 °F (-89.8 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and	243.86 °F (117.7 °C) estimated
boiling range	
Flash point	71.6 °F (22.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp Flammability limit - lower 1.4 (%)	losive limits % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	11.3 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	12.83 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Soiubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n- octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	650 °F (343.33 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature Viscosity	Not available. Not available.
Other information	
Density	0.87 g/cm3 estimated
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Percent volatile	78.77 w/w % By Weight 82.53 v/v % By Volume
Specific gravity	0.87 estimated
VOC (Weight %)	<ul> <li>6.04 Ib/gal (Actual VOC - With Water Less Exempts)</li> <li>6.04 Ib/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)</li> <li>723.49 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)</li> <li>723.49 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)</li> </ul>
10. Stability and reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Reactivity	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Chemical stability	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Alkaline metals. Halogens.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

Information	on likel	y routes o	f exposure
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Information on likely routes of e Inhalation		rgans through prolonged or repeated exposure by izziness. Headache. Nausea. vomiting.		
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.			
Eye	Causes serious eve damage.			
contact	Expected to be a low ingestion hazar	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
		Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.		
Ingestion Symptoms related to the physic chemical and toxicological characteristics	Symptoms may include stinging, tear al,	ing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye		
Acute toxifith toxicological effe	ectsoxic if inhaled. Harmful in contact with s	kin. Narcotic effects.		
Components	Species	Test Results		
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)				
Acute				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg		
Oral LD50 N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	Rat	3500 mg/kg		
Acute				
Inhalation LC50	Wistar rat	160 mg/l, 4 Hours		
	Which Fut			
Oral LD50 N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	Rat	14000 mg/kg		
Acute				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg		
Inhalation LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 Hours		
<b>Oral</b> LD50	Rat	790 mg/kg		
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)				
Acute				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg		
Inhalation LC50	Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours		
	Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours		
Oral				
LD50	Mouse Rat	1590 mg/kg 3523 - 8600 mg/kg		
* Estimates for product may Skin corrosion/irritation	be based on additional component data not Causes skin irritation.	shown.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.			
Respiratory or skin sensitization	n Not a respiratory sensitizer			

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer. **Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are			
	mutagenic o	r genotoxic.		
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.			
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of	Carcinogenicity		
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100	-41-4)	2B Possibly carcinoger	ic to humans.	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	)	3 Not classifiable as to	carcinogenicity to humans.	
OSHA Specifically Regulat	ed Substances	(29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)		
Not listed.				
Reproductive toxicity		Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.		
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes dan	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspir	Not an aspiration hazard.		
Chronic effects		Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.		
12. Ecological information	1			
Ecotoxicity	Toxic to aqu	atic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long la	sting effects.	
<b>Components</b> Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4	Species		Test Results	
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.5-11 mg/l, 96 hours		
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86 Aquatic	-4)			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas	) 17-19 mg/l, 96 hours	
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3 Aquatic	3)			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1897-2072 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours	
* Estimates for product may	be based on ad	ditional component data not shown.		

### Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential		
Ethylbenzene	3.15	
N-Butyl Acetate	1.78	
N-Butyl Alcohol	0.88	
Xylene	3.12-3.2	
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.	

### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
14. Transport information	
	formation is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each tifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.
DOT	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name Transport hazard	Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	
Label(s)	3
Packing group	Î.
<b>Special precautions for user</b> Rea B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28	ad safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling <b>Special provisions</b> 149,
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	5
-	П
Packing group Environmental hazards	No.
	3L
ERG Code Special precautions for user Re-	ad safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling
Other information Passenger and cargo	Allowed.
aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Transport hazard class(es) Class	3
Subsidiary risk	
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling Transport in bulk according to Not established. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code





# 15. Regulatory information

0,			
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.		
	One or more components a	re not listed on TSC	Α.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export	t Notification (40 CFR 707, Su		
Not regulated.		,	
CERCLA Hazardous Subst	ance List (40 CFR 302.4)		
	Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-		Listed
	N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-8	,	Listed
	N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36- Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	-3)	Listed Listed
	SARA 304 Emergency rele	ase notification	Listed
Not regulated.			
Ŭ	ed Substances (29 CFR 1910	.1001-1050)	
Not listed.		····,	
Superfund Amendments and R	eauthorization Act of 1986 (S	ARA)	
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes	,	
Ū.	Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Reactivity Haz		ıre
SARA 302 Extremely haza	rdous substance		
Not listed.			
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No		
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)			
Chemical name		CAS number	%bywt.
Xylene		1330-20-7	10 - < 2 0
N-Butyl Alcohol		71-36-3	5 - < 10
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0 - < 5
Other federal regulations			
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	n 112 Hazardous Air Polluta	nts (HAPs) List	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7			
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	on 112(r) Accidental Release	Prevention (40 CFR	8 68.130)
Not regulated.			
Safe Drinking Water Act No (SDWA) US state regulations	ot regulated.		
-	Substances CA Department of	of Justice (Californi	a Health and Safety Code Section 11100)
Not listed.	en boparanon e		

US. California. Candidate	Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code R	egs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.
(a))		
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7		
US. Massachusetts RTK -	Substance List Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 1	23-86-4)	
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 7		
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7		
	nd Community Right-to-Know Act	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100		
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 1	,	
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 7		
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7		
	and Community Right-to-Know Law	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100		
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 1		
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 7		
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7 US. Rhode Island RTK	()	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100	0-41-4)	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 10		
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 7		
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7		
US. California Proposition		
	ct contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.	
US - California Propos	sition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance	
Ethylbenzene (CAS	S 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004	
International Inventories		
Country(s) or region Australia	Inventory name Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	On inventory (yes/no)* No
	•	
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	No
Europe	Substances (EINECS) European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Duarta Dias	Tavia Substances Central Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory No \*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

#### Disclaimer

Our Company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.